



**Forest
Declaration
Platform**

Transforming commitments into action

STAKEHOLDER TOOLKIT

Forest and Climate Resources for Sustainable Production & Development

LAST UPDATED MARCH 2023

TOOLS, GUIDELINES, AND BEST PRACTICES

AGRICULTURE SUPPLY CHAIN MEMBERS

- Accountability Framework Initiative (AFi) – set of norms and guidelines for good practice on implementing, monitoring, verifying, and reporting on supply-chain commitments.
- Commodity Roadmaps – A set of Consumer Goods Forum guides to drive forest-positive production of four commodities: palm oil, soy, beef, and PPP (paper, pulp, and fiber-based packaging). Each roadmap contains a set of commitments, an action plan, and key performance indicators for relevant stakeholders.
- Sustainable Supply Chain Initiative – An initiative of the Consumer Goods Forum, seeks to provide clear guidance in the consumer goods industry to buyers and suppliers on which third-party auditing, monitoring, and certification schemes cover key sustainability goals.
- Agriculture Sector Roadmap: Reducing Emissions from Land Use Change – Also known as the Traders' Roadmap, it contains guidance for how agricultural commodity traders can commit to forest targets in the cattle, palm, soy, and cocoa sectors.
- Supply Chain Solutions Center – Agriculture -resources and best practices for sustainable supply chain management for companies as they develop their sustainability plans.

MINING COMPANIES

- Forest-Smart Mining: guidance to Applying Nature-Based Solutions in the Large-Scale Mining Sector (2021) – Guidance from the World Bank outlining steps to incorporate nature-based solutions into mining projects, covering nature-based solutions' relevance for mining projects, finance, and design. It also contains relevant case studies and best practices.
- Developing Forest-Smart Artisanal and Small-Scale Mining (ASM) Standards (2022) and Annex 1 – Forest-Smart ASM Standard – Forest-smart mining principles from the World Bank helping support local organizations and miners to mitigate impacts on forests from small-scale mining. It aims to integrate several principles, criteria, indicators, and guidelines together to comprehensively support small-scale miners in meeting forest targets.

- ICMM Mining Principles (2022) – A set of principles aligning mining with UN Sustainable Development Goals and Paris Agreement targets. It outlines expectations of responsible mining projects—relevant principles to the Forest Declaration Platform include principles 6 (environmental performance) and 7 (conservation of biodiversity).
- IRMA Standard for Responsible Mining (2018) – Guidelines designed to support four principles in mining: business integrity, planning and managing for positive legacies, social responsibility, and environmental responsibility. Under principle four, the document offers guidance for managing waste, water, air quality, greenhouse gasses, and chemicals.
- The Mining Association of Canada’s “Towards Sustainable Mining” Protocols and Frameworks (2020) – 11 protocols and frameworks of indicators designed to measure the quality and comprehensiveness of facility-level systems managing environmental risks.

INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE ORGANIZATIONS AND GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

- Balancing forests and development: Addressing infrastructure and extractive industries, promoting sustainable livelihoods (2020) – The New York Declaration on Forests Goals 3 & 4 progress report, which proposes strategies and frameworks for stakeholders to assess forest progress, outlines best practices, and presents barriers to progress.
 - For specific guidance on assessing infrastructure progress, consult chapter 3 and the PRIME (Productivity, Rights, Investments, Markets, and Ecosystem services) framework, outlined in the document.
- Visioning Futures: Improving Infrastructure Planning to Harness Nature’s Benefits in a Warming World (2019) – A report from WWF on nature-based solutions in infrastructure, directed toward the private sector and national governments. It defines challenges, introduces case studies, proposes an improved infrastructure planning framework, and presents key recommendations.
- BREEAM (the Building Research Establishment Enterprise Asset Management) Infrastructure – A sustainability assessment of civil engineering and infrastructure projects aiming towards an industry environment of sustainability awareness in decision-making, project planning, and implementation.
- SuRe (Standard for Sustainable and Resilient Infrastructure) – A voluntary standard aiming to integrate sustainability and resilience into infrastructure development. It presents requirements infrastructure project developers, promoters, and financiers should meet to follow Good International Industry Practice.

NETWORKS, COALITIONS, AND PLATFORMS

AGRICULTURE SUPPLY CHAIN MEMBERS

- The Consumer Goods Forum - a global organization comprised of over 400 consumer goods companies.
 - Forest-Positive Coalition of Action - an initiative of the Consumer Goods Forum, is a network of companies seeking to “leverage collective action and accelerate systemic efforts to remove deforestation, forest degradation, and conversion from key commodity supply chains.”
- Tropical Forest Alliance - “a multistakeholder partnership platform established to support companies through the ongoing global transition to deforestation-free supply chains for commodities including palm oil, soy, beef, and paper/pulp.
- We Mean Business Coalition - a group of seven business-focused climate non-profit organizations seeking to halve emissions by 2030 and accelerate an inclusive transition to a global net-zero economy by 2050.

MINING COMPANIES

- Alliance for Responsible Mining – A platform for artisanal and small-scale mining meant to support small miners to adopt best practices and adopt a responsible supply chain. They assist miners on the ground and develop broader standards and certification systems.
- Climate Smart Mining: Minerals for Climate Action – The World Bank’s initiative supporting sustainable mineral and metal extraction and processing for constructing clean energy technologies. It supports miners generally trying to minimize their environmental footprint.
- The International Council on Mining and Metals – A coalition accounting for one-third of the global mining industry committed to implementing the ICMM mining principles (linked above). They encourage collaboration amongst each other along with accountability.
- Forest Solutions Group (FSG) – A network from the World Business Council for Sustainable Development where businesses in the forest products sector (including products from minerals and metals) can share solutions to sustainable development. FSG members must adhere to a set of membership responsibilities and support sustainable working forests.

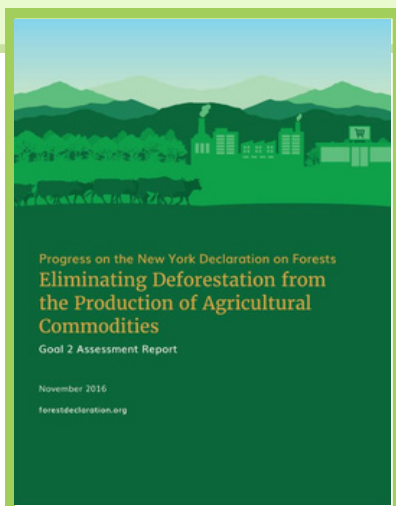
NETWORKS, COALITIONS, AND PLATFORMS

INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE ORGANIZATIONS AND GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

- The Infrastructure and Nature Coalition – A coalition of over 25 organizations dedicated to working with companies and governments to minimize environmental impacts in infrastructure development and promote knowledge of infrastructure's environmental risks. Led by WWF.
- GOXI – A standing forum emerging from the World Bank's Governance for Extractive Industries Program for innovation and collaboration across stakeholders in extractive industries, including government, private sector, and civil society. Rather than focusing on mining operations, GOXI focuses on governance, including procurement and infrastructure projects supporting mining.
- ETH Zurich: Group of Forest Management and Development – A group dedicated to understanding links between forests and livelihoods by bringing to policymakers plausible scenarios of biodiversity and fostering dialogue between stakeholders.

RELEVANT FOREST DECLARATION ASSESSMENT REPORTS

ELIMINATING DEFORESTATION FROM THE PRODUCTION OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES (2016)



BALANCING FORESTS AND DEVELOPMENT (2020)

